# **Course: CS 601- Database Management System**

PROGRAMME: INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	DEGREE: <b>B. TECH</b>	
COURSE: Database Management System	SEMESTER: 6 CREDITS: 3	
COURSECODE: CS 601	COURSE TYPE: Theory	
COURSE AREA/DOMAIN: Practical knowledge about storage, Industry	CONTACT HOURS: <b>3</b> (weekly)	
CORRESPONDING LAB COURSE CODE (IF ANY): CS 691	LAB COURSE NAME: Database Management System Lab	

### **Course Objectives**

- 1. To develop conceptual understanding of Database Management System.
- 2. To understand how a real world problem can be mapped to schema.
- 3. To solve different industry level problems & to learn its applications.

#### **Course Outcomes**

1. Ability to define a problem at the view level & ability to understand the physical structure of the database to handle data.

- 2. Students would be able to implement the logic by using tools like ERD.
- 3. Ability to normalize the database & understand the internal data structure.
- 4. Students would clearly understand the transaction system & could extract data efficiently.

## **Syllabus**

UNIT	DETAILS	HOURS
I	Introduction to DBMS Concept & Overview of DBMS, Data Models, Database Languages, Database Administrator, Database Users, Three Schema architecture of DBMS.	4
п	Entity-Relationship Model Basic concepts, Design Issues, Mapping Constraints, Keys, Entity-Relationship Diagram, Weak Entity Sets, Extended E-R features.	6
ш	Relational Model Structure of relational Databases, Relational Algebra, Relational Calculus, Extended Relational Algebra Operations, Views, Modifications Of the Database.	5

IV	<b>SQL and Integrity Constraints</b> Concept of DDL, DML, DCL. Basic Structure, Set operations, Aggregate Functions, Null Values, Domain Constraints, Referential Integrity Constraints, assertions, views, Nested Sub-queries, Database security application development using SQL, Stored procedures and triggers.	8
V	<b>Relational Database Design</b> Functional Dependency, Different anomalies in designing a Database., Normalization using functional dependencies, Decomposition, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, 3NF, Normalization using multi-valued dependencies, 4NF, 5NF	9
VI	<b>Internals of RDBMS</b> Physical data structures, Query optimization: join algorithm, statistics and cost bas optimization. Transaction processing, Concurrency control and Recovery Management: transaction model properties, state serializability, lock base protocols, two phase locking.	7
VII	<b>File Organization &amp; Index Structures</b> File & Record Concept, Placing file records on Disk, Fixed and Variable sized Records, Types of Single-Level Index (primary, secondary, clustering), Multilevel Indexes, Dynamic Multilevel Indexes using B tree and B+ tree.	6

# References

S.NO.	URL
1	http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106093/